

View-Master Airplane Recognition Reels, ca. 1942 SC 46

Overview

Creator: United States Naval Aviation Training Division Title: View-Master Airplane Recognition Reels

Collection Number: SC 46
Collection Dates Ca. 1942
Size: 2 folders

Repository: Hanover College Archives

Duggan Library P.O. Box 287

Hanover, Indiana 47243-0287 Phone: (812) 866-7181

Collection Information:

Scope and Content Note

View-Master airplane identification reels created for the United States Naval Aviation Training Division during World War II. These self-study military reels were distributed to sailors as a training device for airplane recognition and range estimation. There are both Study Reels and Test Reels. Concentric circles on the images mimicked a gunsight, which sailors used to learn how to estimate the distance of the airplane.

Administrative Information:

Related Items:

Related materials may be found by searching the Hanover College online catalog.

Acquisition:

Materials were found in the Hanover College Physics Department in 2015.

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Finding Aid Updated: 3/16/2016

Container List

ID#	Title	Description	Date
SC46_F1_1	Baltimore, A-30 US Army Attack	Study Reel S5. View-Master airplane identification reels created for the United States Naval Aviation Training Division during World War II. These self-study military reels were distributed to sailors as a training device for airplane recognition and range estimation. Concentric circles on the images mimicked a gunsight, which sailors used to learn how to estimate the distance of the airplane.	ca. 1942
SC46_F1_2	Vengeance A-31, US Army Attack	Study Reel S6. View-Master airplane identification reels created for the United States Naval Aviation Training Division during World War II. These self-study military reels were distributed to sailors as a training device for airplane recognition and range estimation. Concentric circles on the images mimicked a gunsight, which sailors used to learn how to estimate the distance of the airplane.	ca. 1942
SC46_F1_3	Mitchell B-25B US Army Med Bomber	Study Reel S7. View-Master airplane identification reels created for the United States Naval Aviation Training Division during World War II. These self-study military reels were distributed to sailors as a training device for airplane recognition and range estimation. Concentric circles on the images mimicked a gunsight, which sailors used to learn how to estimate the distance of the airplane.	ca. 1942
SC46_F1_4	Marauder, B-26B-1 US Army Med Bomber	Study Reel S8. View-Master airplane identification reels created for the United States Naval Aviation Training Division during World War II. These self-study military reels were distributed to sailors as a training device for airplane recognition and range estimation. Concentric circles on the images mimicked a gunsight, which sailors used to learn how to estimate the distance of the airplane.	ca. 1942
SC46_F1_5	Liberator B-24 U.S. Army Heavy Bomber	Study Reel S9. View-Master airplane identification reels created for the United States Naval Aviation Training Division during World War II. These self-study military reels were distributed to sailors as a training device for airplane recognition and range estimation. Concentric circles on the images mimicked a gunsight, which sailors used to learn how to estimate the distance of the airplane.	ca. 1942
SC46_F1_6	O-52, US Army Observation	Study Reel S10. View-Master airplane identification reels created for the United States Naval Aviation Training Division during World War II. These self-study military reels were distributed to sailors as a training device for airplane recognition and range estimation. Concentric circles on the images mimicked a gunsight, which sailors used to learn how to estimate the distance of the airplane.	ca. 1942
SC46_F1_7	Corsair F4U-1 U.S. Navy Fighter	Study Reel S12. View-Master airplane identification reels created for the United States Naval Aviation Training Division during World War II. These self-study military reels were distributed to sailors as a training device for airplane recognition and range estimation. Concentric circles on the images mimicked a gunsight, which sailors used to learn how to estimate the distance of the airplane.	ca. 1942



ID#	Title	Description	Date
SC46_F1_8	Helldiver SB2C-1 (LandPL) U.S. Heavy Scout Bomber	Study Reel S13. View-Master airplane identification reels created for the United States Naval Aviation Training Division during World War II. These self-study military reels were distributed to sailors as a training device for airplane recognition and range estimation. Concentric circles on the images mimicked a gunsight, which sailors used to learn how to estimate the distance of the airplane.	ca. 1942
SC46_F1_9	Dauntless, SBD-3 US Navy Scout Bomber	Study Reel S14. View-Master airplane identification reels created for the United States Naval Aviation Training Division during World War II. These self-study military reels were distributed to sailors as a training device for airplane recognition and range estimation. Concentric circles on the images mimicked a gunsight, which sailors used to learn how to estimate the distance of the airplane.	ca. 1942
SC46_F1_10	Vindicator SB2U-3 (LandPL) U.S. Navy Scout Bomber	Study Reel S15. View-Master airplane identification reels created for the United States Naval Aviation Training Division during World War II. These self-study military reels were distributed to sailors as a training device for airplane recognition and range estimation. Concentric circles on the images mimicked a gunsight, which sailors used to learn how to estimate the distance of the airplane.	ca. 1942
SC46_F1_11	Zerstorer FW187 German Fighter	Study Reel S26. View-Master airplane identification reels created for the United States Naval Aviation Training Division during World War II. These self-study military reels were distributed to sailors as a training device for airplane recognition and range estimation. Concentric circles on the images mimicked a gunsight, which sailors used to learn how to estimate the distance of the airplane.	ca. 1942
SC46_F1_12	Heinkel HE 113 German Fighter	Study Reel S27. View-Master airplane identification reels created for the United States Naval Aviation Training Division during World War II. These self-study military reels were distributed to sailors as a training device for airplane recognition and range estimation. Concentric circles on the images mimicked a gunsight, which sailors used to learn how to estimate the distance of the airplane.	ca. 1942
SC46_F1_13	Pocke-Wulf Flying Eye FW 189 German Observation	Study Reel S30. View-Master airplane identification reels created for the United States Naval Aviation Training Division during World War II. These self-study military reels were distributed to sailors as a training device for airplane recognition and range estimation. Concentric circles on the images mimicked a gunsight, which sailors used to learn how to estimate the distance of the airplane.	ca. 1942
SC46_F1_14	PE-2 Russian Light Bomber	Study Reel S49. View-Master airplane identification reels created for the United States Naval Aviation Training Division during World War II. These self-study military reels were distributed to sailors as a training device for airplane recognition and range estimation. Concentric circles on the images mimicked a gunsight, which sailors used to learn how to estimate the distance of the airplane.	ca. 1942



ID#	Title	Description	Date
SC46_F1_15	Bristol Beaufighter II British Fighter	Study Reel S67. View-Master airplane identification reels created for the United States Naval Aviation Training Division during World War II. These self-study military reels were distributed to sailors as a training device for airplane recognition and range estimation. Concentric circles on the images mimicked a gunsight, which sailors used to learn how to estimate the distance of the airplane.	ca. 1942
SC46_F1_16	Fiat CR-42 Italian Fighter	Study Reel S71. View-Master airplane identification reels created for the United States Naval Aviation Training Division during World War II. These self-study military reels were distributed to sailors as a training device for airplane recognition and range estimation. Concentric circles on the images mimicked a gunsight, which sailors used to learn how to estimate the distance of the airplane.	ca. 1942
SC46_F1_17	Fairy Barracuda British Torpedo Bomber	Study Reel S74. View-Master airplane identification reels created for the United States Naval Aviation Training Division during World War II. These self-study military reels were distributed to sailors as a training device for airplane recognition and range estimation. Concentric circles on the images mimicked a gunsight, which sailors used to learn how to estimate the distance of the airplane.	ca. 1942
SC46_F2_1	Test Reel T2	7 Planes: Val, Zero Zeke, Sally, Kate, Ida Sonia, Abdul. View-Master airplane identification reels created for the United States Naval Aviation Training Division during World War II. These self-study military reels were distributed to sailors as a training device for airplane recognition and range estimation. Concentric circles on the images mimicked a gunsight, which sailors used to learn how to estimate the distance of the airplane.	ca. 1942
SC46_F2_2	Test Reel T16	7 Planes: Corsair, Coronado, Zerstorer, Mustang, Me 110, Liberator, He 113. View-Master airplane identification reels created for the United States Naval Aviation Training Division during World War II. These self-study military reels were distributed to sailors as a training device for airplane recognition and range estimation. Concentric circles on the images mimicked a gunsight, which sailors used to learn how to estimate the distance of the airplane.	ca. 1942
SC46_F2_3	Test Reel T34	7 Planes: Seagull, I-16, O-52, Me 109F, Stirling, Vindicator, Dick. View-Master airplane identification reels created for the United States Naval Aviation Training Division during World War II. These self-study military reels were distributed to sailors as a training device for airplane recognition and range estimation. Concentric circles on the images mimicked a gunsight, which sailors used to learn how to estimate the distance of the airplane.	ca. 1942



ID#	Title	Description	Date
SC46_F2_4	Test Reel T39	7 Planes: PE-2, Claude, Wildcat, Mariner, Adam, Stuka, Hurricane. View-Master airplane identification reels created for the United States Naval Aviation Training Division during World War II. These self-study military reels were distributed to sailors as a training device for airplane recognition and range estimation. Concentric circles on the images mimicked a gunsight, which sailors used to learn how to estimate the distance of the airplane.	ca. 1942
SC46_F2_5	Test Reel T43	7 Planes: Kingfisher, Mitchell, He 111K, Catalina, Ju 88, Thunderbolt, Lightning. View-Master airplane identification reels created for the United States Naval Aviation Training Division during World War II. These self-study military reels were distributed to sailors as a training device for airplane recognition and range estimation. Concentric circles on the images mimicked a gunsight, which sailors used to learn how to estimate the distance of the airplane.	ca. 1942
SC46_F2_6	Test Reel T65	7 Planes: SM-79, Flying Fortress, Albacore, Wellington II, DO 217E, Blenheim IV, Sunderland. View-Master airplane identification reels created for the United States Naval Aviation Training Division during World War II. These self-study military reels were distributed to sailors as a training device for airplane recognition and range estimation. Concentric circles on the images mimicked a gunsight, which sailors used to learn how to estimate the distance of the airplane.	ca. 1942
SC46_F2_7	Test Reel T70	7 planes: Halifax, SM-82, Lancaster I, MIG-3(I-18), Fiat CR-42, Barracuda, Cant Z-5068. View-Master airplane identification reels created for the United States Naval Aviation Training Division during World War II. These self-study military reels were distributed to sailors as a training device for airplane recognition and range estimation. Concentric circles on the images mimicked a gunsight, which sailors used to learn how to estimate the distance of the airplane.	ca. 1942
SC46_F2_8	Test Reel T71	7 Planes: Cant Z-506B, MIG-3(I-18), Lancaster I, Havoc or Boston, Halifax, Fiat CR-42, Barracuda. View-Master airplane identification reels created for the United States Naval Aviation Training Division during World War II. These self-study military reels were distributed to sailors as a training device for airplane recognition and range estimation. Concentric circles on the images mimicked a gunsight, which sailors used to learn how to estimate the distance of the airplane.	ca. 1942

